Theme: OPEN		
Title: AWARENESS OF IN EARLY DETECTION OF CANCER IN CHILDREN AGED 0-5 YEARS IN A PRIMARY HEALTHCARE SETTING		
		Author
Back ground	 This project is part of the Maternal-Child Health Nurse Leadership Academy (MCHNLA) presented by Sigma Theta Tau International (Sigma) in partnership with Johnson & Johnson. Children with cancer (0-5 years) are a highly vulnerable group who are subject to delays in diagnosis and treatment due to both disease and patient related factors Childhood cancer symptoms are often vague and non-specific, may mimic common transient conditions, resulting in delayed diagnosis of childhood cancer. Delayed diagnosis may have a significant impact on life expectancy and cure rates, quality of life of the child, financial impact on the healthcare system and psychosocial aspects affecting the child and his/her family. Factors affecting timeous diagnosis include vague or non specific symptoms that mimic benign conditions, thus parents and healthcare workers often miss them or do not take the symptoms seriously 	
Purpose	The purpose of this quality improvement initiative was to provide community and healthcare workers in primary healthcare settings with information, tools and guidelines on early danger signs related to childhood cancer.	
Methods (Principles, methods/approaches were involved)	 The following approaches were applied: Development of a simplified assessment tool for healthcare workers Presentation on early detection of cancer in children to healthcare workers Presentations in two informal settlements to community members Distribution of leaflets with a list of danger signs amongst the community in the informal settlements and the clinic Poster on childhood cancer for display in the waiting area and consultation rooms at the clinic 	
Results	 Preliminary results suggest an improved assessment and screening of children for early signs of cancer. 	

Conclusion(s): (What can be concluded from your work? What are the suggestions for future work?)	Presentations to interprofessional team of the clinic and community members contribute to awareness of early detection of warning signs of cancer, which in turn might contribute to early diagnosis and treatment
Implications:	 Increased awareness by primary healthcare workers and the public might enhance early diagnosis and treatment of childhood cancer in children The initiative can be expanded to advocate for implementation of a cancer registry
Five Keywords	Maternal Child Health
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Ethics approval	Not required
Preference for oral or poster presentation	Oral and poster