

## A QI Initiative to Increase Identification of Oral Disease & Dental Care in Pregnancy

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### **Scope of Problem**

- ☐ Oral disease contributes to poor perinatal outcomes
- □ Approximately 50% of all pregnant women do not receive adequate dental care
- ☐ Limited evidence exists to support interventions to improve oral care in pregnant women

#### **Evidence-Based Initiative**

- □ Nursing education based on Smiles for Life curriculum, a free, national oral health curriculum for primary care providers
- ☐ 2 question *Maternal Oral Screening* (MOS) tool developed and validated in Australia

Maternal Oral Screening (MOS) tool:

Item 1. Do you have bleeding gums, swelling, sensitive teeth, loose teeth, holes in your teeth, broken teeth, toothache or any other problems in your mouth? Yes  $\Box$  (1)

No □ (0)

Item 2. Have you seen a dentist in the last 6 months? Yes  $\square$  (0)

No □ (1)

Items 1 and 2 are scored either 0 or 1. Participants with a total score ≥ 1are referred for a dental check-up

 ■ Monthly SMS/e-mail reminders developed and reviewed by dental, medical, and nursing professionals
 ■ Theory:

Oral Health Delivery Framework



#### Donabedian's Quality Framework



#### Purpose

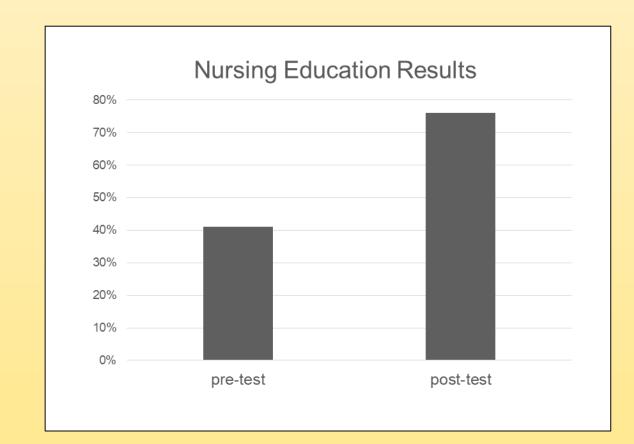
Implement and evaluate an evidence- based intervention aimed at identifying women at high risk for oral disease as well as increase dental visits among pregnant women at a Federally Qualified Health Center.

Project implementation: January – May 2019 IRB exempt

#### Results

- ☐ Dental referrals
  - □ Increased referrals in intervention clinics over comparison clinics (Fisher Exact Test, p<0.0005,  $\phi$  =-0.492).
  - □ Increased referrals in intervention clinic in 2019 vs 2018 (Fisher Exact Test, p<0.0005,  $\phi$  =-0.464).
- ☐ Dental visits
  - □ Clinically significant increase in dental visits in intervention clinics over comparison ( $\chi^2 = 2.083$ , p = 0.149).
  - ☐ Scheduled reminders had little impact on dental visits during implementation period

- ☐ Nursing staff education
  - ☐ Test score improvement from 40% on pre-test to 80% on post-test (p<0.0005)
  - ☐ Percentage of staff who felt confident discussing oral health with patients increased from 82% to 98%



	2018		2019	
	Intervention	Comparison	Intervention	Comparison
Initial OB Visit	186	441	142	412
Dental Referrals	3%	0%	40%	3%
Dental Visits	10%	16%	20%	15%

# Evaluation & Practice Implications

- ☐ Practice Implications:
  - □ Nursing education session effective in increasing knowledge
  - ☐ MOS tool simple, efficient way to identify at risk pregnant women
  - □ Provider participation varied
  - ☐ Low cost intervention to increase identification of oral disease and dental care in pregnant women
- ☐ Project evaluation:
  - ☐ Strong support from nursing staff
  - ☐ Continued need for provider engagement in referral ordering
- ☐ Sustainability:
  - MOS tool integrated into initial OB intake in EMR
  - ☐ Support from upper management for system-wide implementation
- ☐ Recommendations:
  - ☐ Allow nursing staff to enter generic dental referral for pregnant patients at risk for oral disease
  - ☐ Evaluate use of MOS tool in other high risk populations
- ☐ Limitations:
  - ☐ Short implementation period
  - □ Lack of participation of some providers

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