

CASE WESTERN RESERVE

Background

- Hypertension disease is an important worldwide health problem.
- Since 2000, hypertension has affected 26.4 % of the adult population worldwide, an estimated total of 972 million adults.
- •Finding strategies for improving self-management of hypertension is a key step that researchers need to undertake.
- •Several surveys from countries all over the world indicated that patients with hypertension had inadequate blood pressure control.
- Healthcare systems should emphasize the significance of factors contributing to the successful of hypertension self-management.
- •The purpose was to conduct a literature review regarding the importance of health literacy and patient activation in improved hypertension self-management

Methods

A comprehensive literature search was conducted from 2007 to 2016

Research databases included CINAHL Complete, MedLine, and Ohio Link.

Gerear Content of the second s management", "health knowledge", "health literacy", "patient activation", and "patient activation measure," "patient activation in hypertension self-management," and "barriers related hypertension self-management."

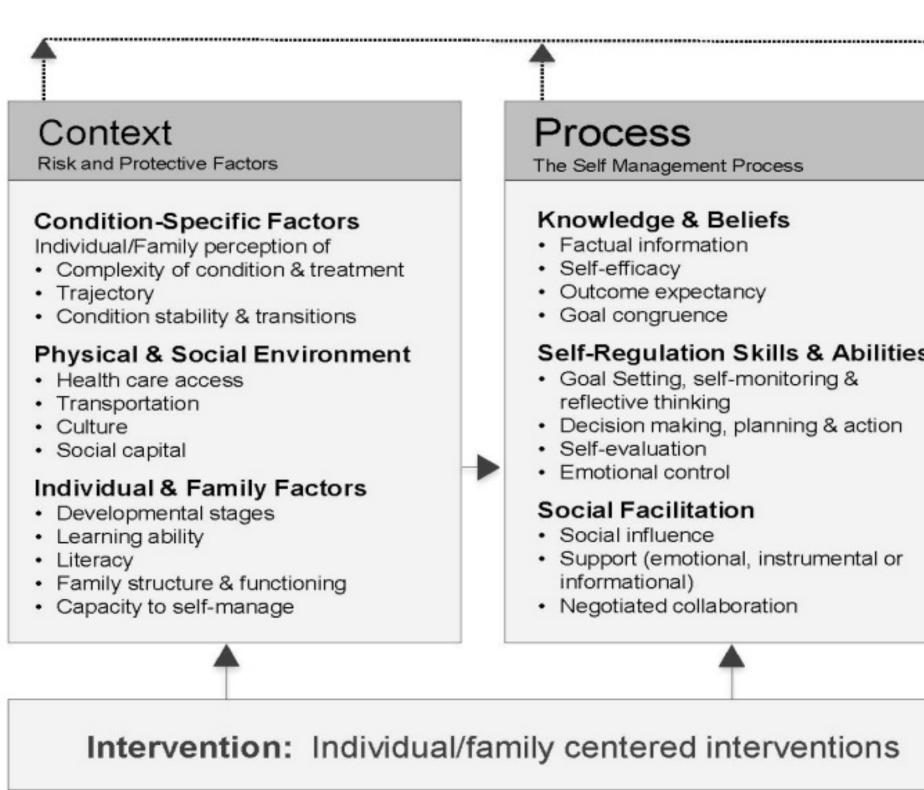
 \Box 20 studies were found and included in the literature review

The Inportance Of the additional and the relation of the performance o Self-management: A Literature Review Ali Kerari MSN, RN- PhD Student Carol Musil, PhD, RN, FAAN- Advisor

- is a prerequisite for patients in order to effectively manage their health condition.
- \sim Patients with proper health literacy and knowledge had the confidence and skills to look for and utilize comparative health care information.
- \sim Higher patient activation levels in the management of chronic conditions significantly contributed to improved patient selfmanagement and health outcomes.
- \sim Researchers have indicated that adequate health literacy and high levels of activation in disease management help patients achieve the best possible quality of life goals as well as diminish the risk factors of their chronic disease.

Theoretical Framework

Individual and Family Self-Management Theory



Key Findings

 \sim Knowledge about chronic diseases and self-management skills

Ryan and Sawin 2009, 2014 Distal Outcomes Proximal Outcomes



Self-Management SCIENCE CENTER at UWN

 \checkmark A few studies examined the relationship between higher patient activation levels in blood pressure control and improved health outcomes.

 \checkmark Hypertension is a challenging topic for selfmanagement because of its vague symptoms and lack of patients' awareness of its risk factors.

 \checkmark Research is needed to explore what significant related factors are to increase patient activation levels and better hypertension control.

*What is not known is the significance of patient activation level in improved clinical indicators for hypertension, such as systolic/diastolic blood pressure levels.

The future research must focus on tailoring support to the individual's level of activation in hypertension self-management.

Gaps

Future Direction

