# ADVOCACY FOR HOSPITAL REVITALISATION RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

#### A CASE STUDY: PAARL HOSPITAL

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# BACKGROUND

- The National Department of Health of South Africa implemented a Hospital Revitalisation Grant to modernize and transform the infrastructure and health technology of hospitals and improve the quality of care.
- Paarl Hospital, a secondary level public regional hospital, was entered into the Hospital Revitalisation Programme in May 2006.





# SETTING

- Paarl Hospital is situated approximately 65 kilometers outside of Cape Town
- Paarl is an important agricultural and commercial centre.
- The Paarl Hospital had 250 beds and provides public health care at a secondary level to a drainage area of clients which includes the whole of the West Coast Winelands Region.
- The Hospital Revitalisation Programme of National Health funded a ± R513 million revitalisation to provide for 369 beds.
- Phase 1 and 2 from May 2006 to practical completion March 2012. Phase 3 nearing completion in 2016.



The historical 1921 building no longer suitable for modern health care delivery, renovated as an Administration office block, with façade intact, as stipulated by Western Cape Heritage society.





# STUDY AIM

 The study aimed to critically evaluate the HRP implementation at Paarl Hospital and develop a framework for implementation to address clients, staff and technical quality of care.

"We would do it again, but we would do it differently..."

"We had the experience, but we missed the meaning." T.S. Elliot



# STUDY RATIONALE

- Building health care facilities is complex and their planning and implementation can give rise to expensive mistakes.
- Research on quality of care in health fulfils a social and practical mandate to create information for use by programmes to improve services towards economic effectiveness and efficiency or by decision makers to inform policy.



# **OBJECTIVES**

 Explore the hospital revitalisation programme at Paarl Hospital in terms of 4 deliverables infrastructure, health technology, quality assurance and organisational development

 Development of a quality focussed framework for project implementation from the lessons

learnt.



# CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

### Roger's diffusion of innovation theory

Roger's (1983) Diffusion of Innovation Theory is a theoretical approach to understanding how change may be achieved.

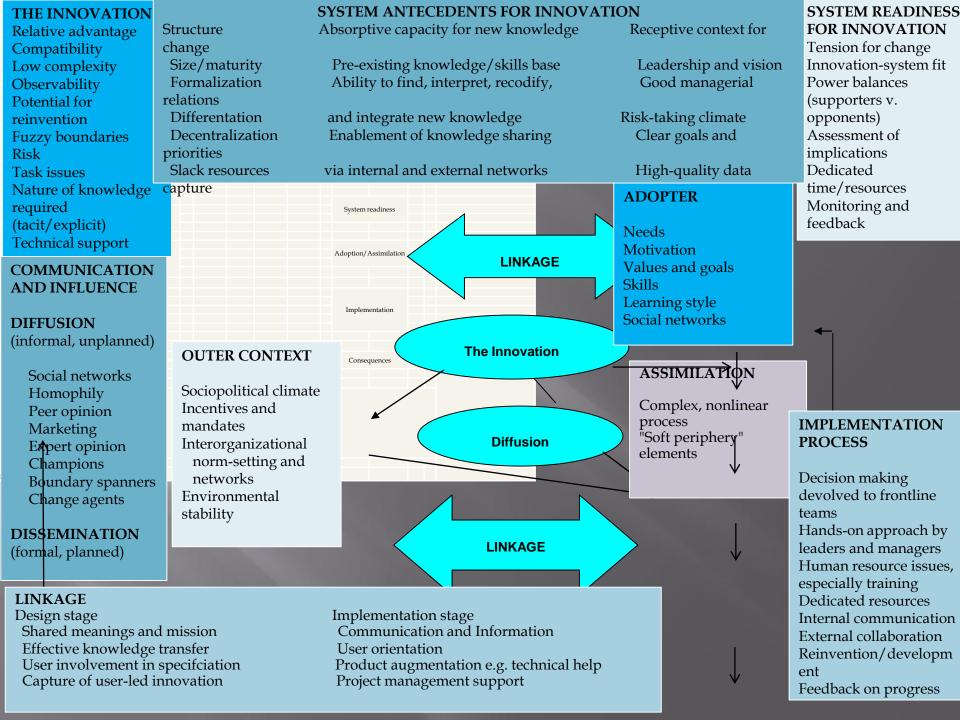
HRP seen as innovation in health system in addressing quality care: Linkages between resource system and the users and the purveyors of knowledge; System readiness for innovation

Ulin(2005)applied as approach to understand the adoption of change in health innovation Sanson-Fisher(2004) called for testing approach in the

health care environment

# CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

- The conceptual model of determinants, dissemination and implementation of innovations in health service delivery and organisation proposed by Greenhalgh et al. (2004:595) was adopted for the HRP as an innovation in health service delivery and organisation.
- The implementation Paarl Hospital was applied to the conceptual model and various aspects of the hospital's leadership and management positioned it well as a receptive context for change and innovation in light of the inadequate facilities.



# CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK

**Quality Policy Framework**(H122/2002)

**National Core Standards** 

SEAM

SA Excellence model(Eygelaar&Uys,2004)

Six box

Model of organisational development(Weisbord) as adapted by Johnson(2004)

Change management theory

# METHODS

- A case study design, with a qualitative approach
- An intensive exploration of a single unit of study including the circumstances, complexities and dynamics of this Public Secondary Regional Hospital project.
- Case study methodology was an appropriate choice for a project description, as it allowed for a multi method approach to data collection which included qualitative content analysis

# METHODS

- Focus group discussions, individual and pair interviews –nursing operational and management, design teams, contractors, senior public management and specialists
- Photographic -infrastructure and health technology
- Document review: Adverse incidents, workplace injury register, safety/security reports; mortality+ morbidity reports; patient feedback reviews/surveys

# METHODS

- Action research methodology, which is concerned with collaborative knowledge enquiry and sharing, was applied by means of an intervention.
- The findings which arose during the study were simultaneously used and actions were taken to improve project implementation in the Psychiatry clinical unit's planning and decanting stage.

# ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Principle approval from the Chief Executive Officer. Favourable conditions to conduct research at facility. Staff and management wanted their 'voices to be heard!'
- CPUT ethics committee approval
- Western Cape Government Health approval
- Ethical principles were adhered to

# RESULTS

 This study's findings indicate that hospital revitalisation has huge benefits to the communities the relevant hospital serves, but that client, staff and technical quality are at risk during implementation.



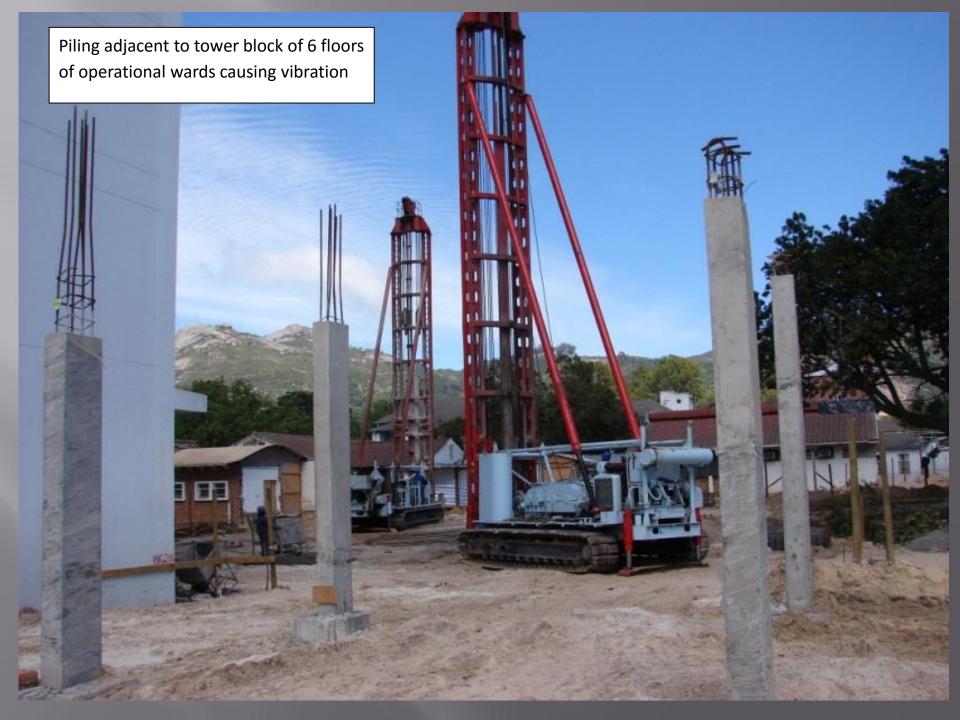
# CLIENT QUALITY

## **Positives**

- Huge improvement in client satisfaction across all seven domains measured
- Community links strengthened

## **Challenges**

- Noise, dust debris
- Decanting discomfort
- Infection control risk (aspergillus) (sewage)
- Waiting lists



# STAFF QUALITY

## **Positives**

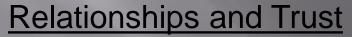
- Strategic empowerment
- Learnerships-nursing established
- Community links stronger



# STAFF QUALITY

### **Challenges**

- Occupational health risk
- Change management
- Staff morale stretch
- Ergonomics during decanting
- Human Resource non- alignment and increased workload



- Confidence in design team
- New and numerous role players
- Conflict high at meetings
- Clinical staff input valued? especially nursing

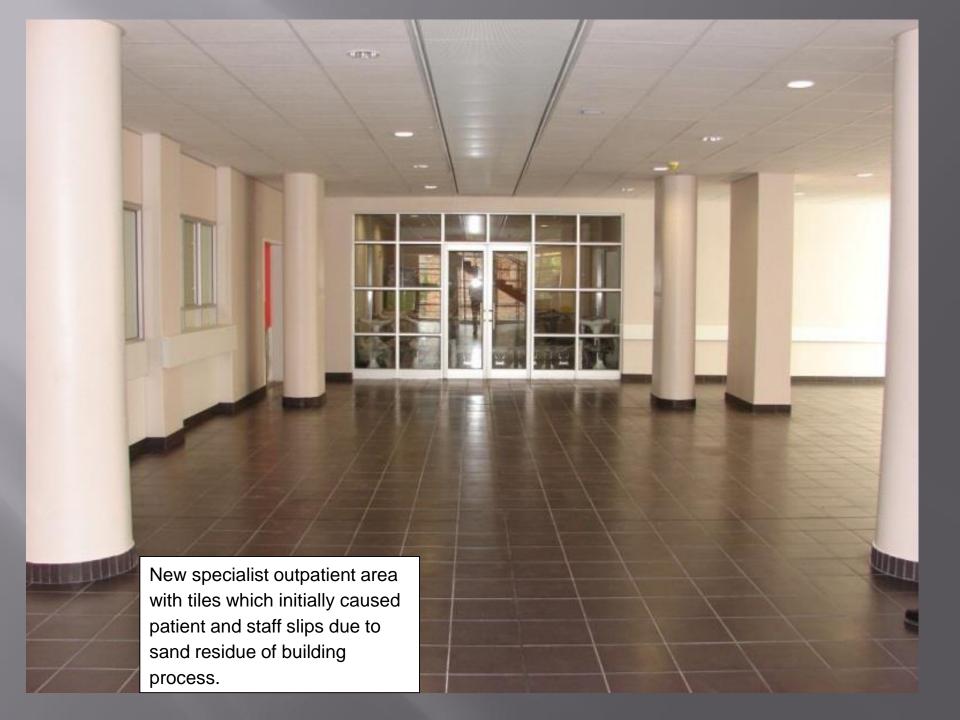




# TECHNICAL QUALITY

## **Challenges**

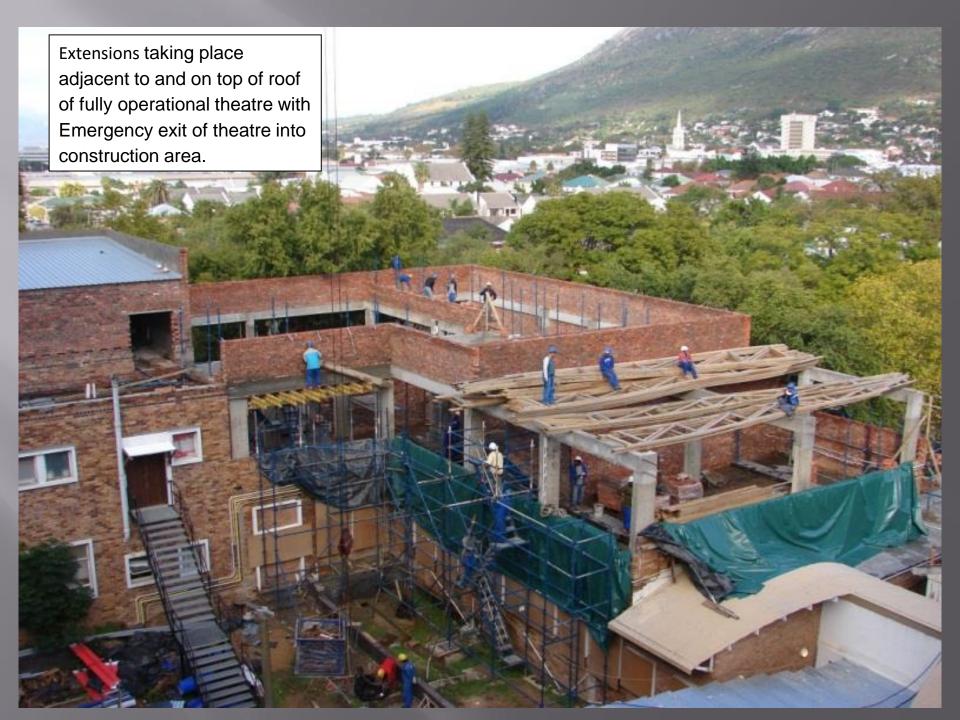
- Safety and Security (Builders, access)
- Adverse events (Client slips)
- Theatre cancellations
- Occupational Health incidents
- Infection Prevention +Control (sewage, mould)
- Fire safety concerns
- Decanting (service interruptions of electricity, water sewage, medical gas, oxygen)





### **Paarl Hospital Revitalization Reported Incidents**

D	6.1	Incident
Department	Category of Staff	incident
Pediatrics	Professional Nurse	Fell on hospital grounds and injured her left ankle while walking to ward on uneven parking area during construction
Finance	Senior Administration Clerk	Slipped on temporary walkway built during construction between administration department and hospital during hospital revitalization
Cleaning Department	Housekeeping	Sprained foot in gutter in backyard of hospital with right ankle sprain during hospital revitalization
Emergency Centre	Senior Nursing Auxiliary	Injured right middle finger in blue benches at overnight ward during decanting for hospital revitalization
Medical	Area Manager (Nursing)	Staff member tripped and fell on temporary walkways built for revitalization purposes (uneven surface)
Linen bank	Housekeeper	Staff member opened service's gate and it fell on her chest and left cheek (recently installed during revitalization)
Emergency Centre	Doctor (Specialist)	Ceiling panels fell on head due to water leak shortly after construction. Staff member required 7 Stitches for laceration.
	Senior Nursing Manager	Staff member slipped in poorly lit, muddy parking area during hospital revitalization
Neonatology	Nursing	A register was established to record daily head bumps of nursing staff on pendants due to problems with installation
	General Assistant	Staff member was pushing beds for revitalization decanting purposes on a trolley when a bed fell off and crushed his right hand



#### Infrastructure ABC

Assist clinical staff in design visualisation
Be involved in norms and standards development
Control Contract management, communication, decanting, relationships, snags and safety

#### **Quality Assurance ABC**

Assess Risks to Client, Staff and Technical Quality
Baseline QA data for initiatives
Compare Quality Assurance at exit

#### **Health Technology ABC**

Acquire large items on contract

Best specifications, norms and standards, cost efficiency, consumables, and durability

**C**ultivate ownership (Standard Operating Procedures; manuals; maintenance)

#### **Organisational Development ABC**

Align Human Resources to HRP
Be sure to do Strategic Planning and
Professionalism coaching
Change Management Intervention

#### **Business Case**

Appropriate people involved in development Appropriate authorisation, management authorisation Appropriate updates to NDOH Appropriate risk management included in brief

# BUSINESS CASE

(A Strategic document signed off by NDOH)

- Appropriate people involved in development
- Appropriate authorisation, management authorisation
- Appropriate updates and resubmissions to NDOH
- Appropriate risk management to be included in the brief



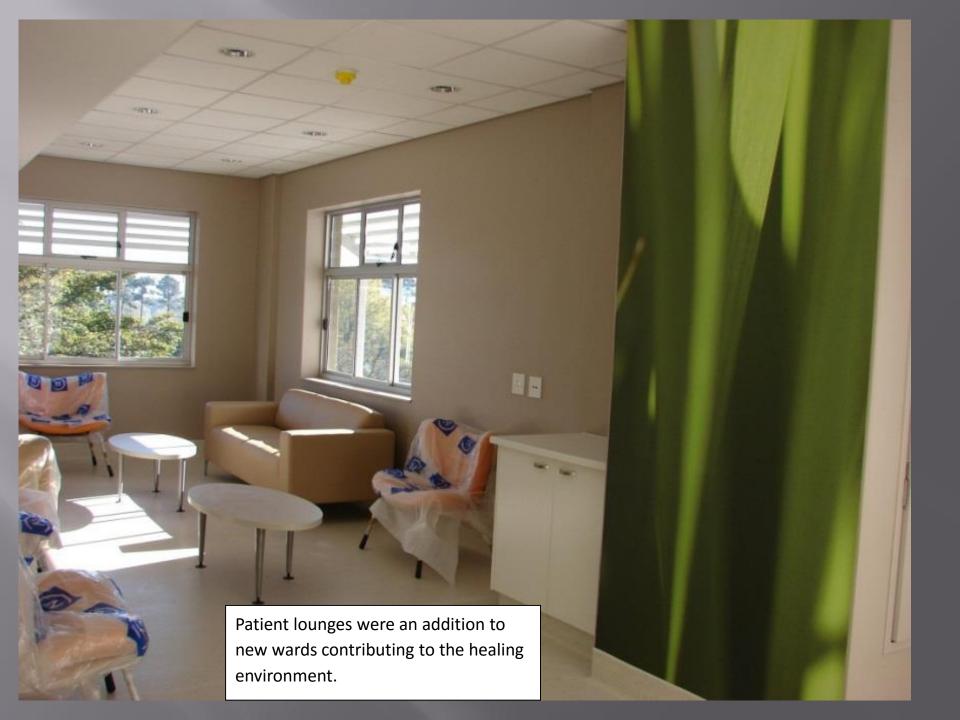
# INFRASTRUCTURE ABC

- Assist clinical staff in design visualisation (mock ups of standard rooms or 3D software)
- Be involved in development and application of norms and standards development (Aircons, lifts, fittings, doors, pigeon pest control)
- Control Contract management, decanting, trust relationships, boundaries between contractors and clinical areas, storage space for decanting.



## 4 L'S (Gordon ,HC2020)

- Long life (Sustainability)
- Loose fit (Flexibility)
- Low impact (Reduction of carbon footprint)
- Luminous healing (Enlightened Healing Environment)





### HEALTH TECHNOLOGY ABC

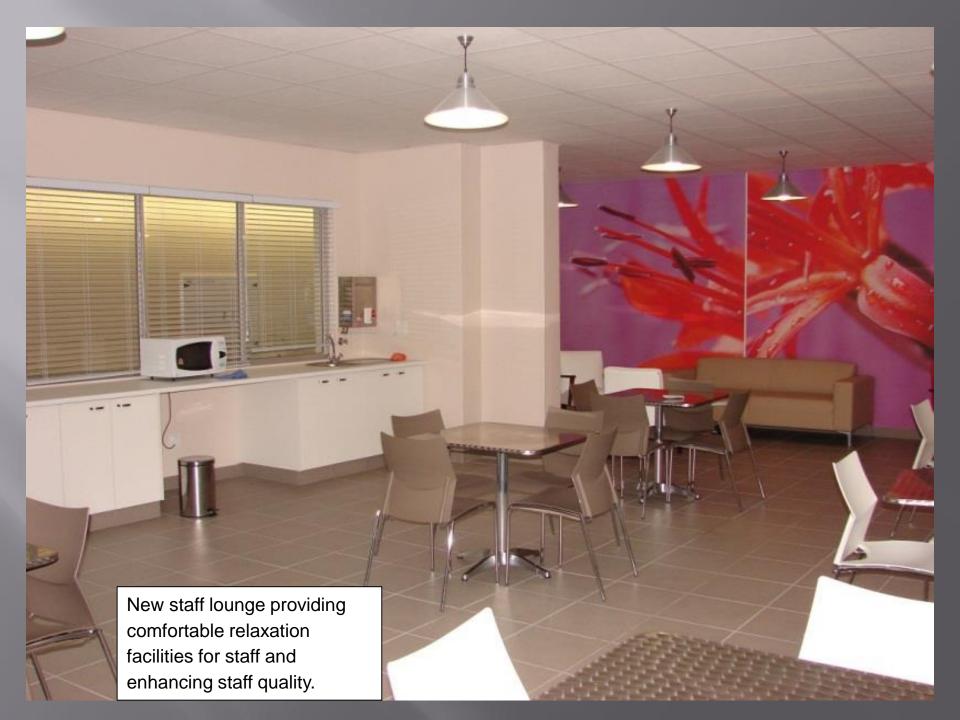
 Acquire large items on contract to interface IT and Infrastructure

- Best specifications, norms and standards, cost efficiency, consumables and durability, positioning of pendants, tried and tested
- Cultivate ownership (Standard Operating Procedures; manuals; maintenance)



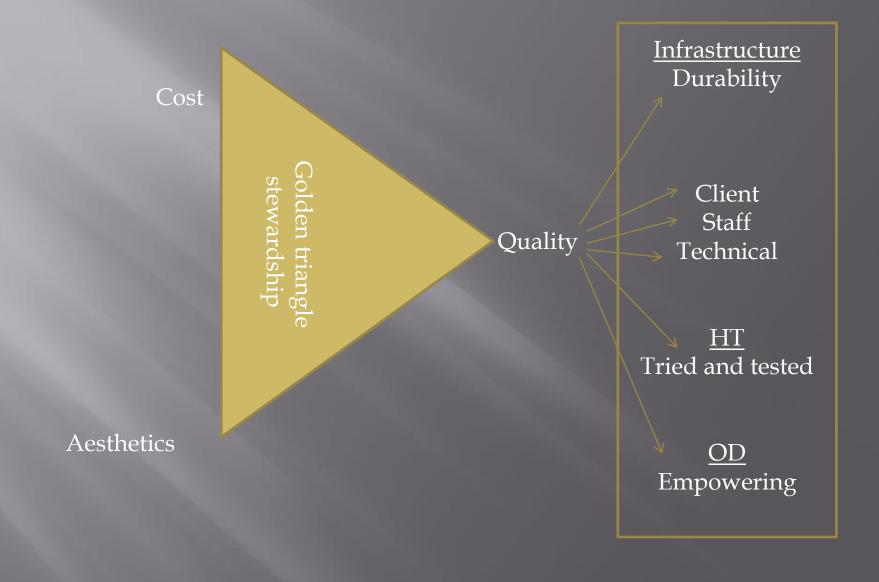
# ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ABC

- Align Human Resources to HRP
- Be sure to do Strategic Planning and Professionalism coaching
- Change Management Intervention



### QUALITY ASSURANCE ABC

- Assess Risks to Client, Staff and Technical Quality
- Baseline Quality Assurance data for initiatives
- Compare Quality Assurance at exit



### CONCLUSION



- An implementation framework for HRP to safeguard technical quality; care to clients and quality work life of staff to supplement current Project Implementation Manuals.
- Clinicians, managers and stakeholders to be aware of risk and get involved in active risk management
- Advocacy for the staff and patients affected by renovation and re-enginering of operational health facilities essential.
- Nurse leaders to translate evidence to advocate for patient and staff safety; and risk management during health facility infrastructural upgrades

#### Infrastructure ABC

Assist clinical staff in design visualisation
Be involved in norms and standards development
Control Contract management, communication, decanting, relationships, snags and safety

#### **Quality Assurance ABC**

Assess Risks to Client, Staff and Technical Quality

Baseline QA data for initiatives

Compare Quality Assurance at exit

#### **Health Technology ABC**

Acquire large items on contract

Best specifications, norms and standards,
cost efficiency, consumables, and
durability

Cultivate ownership (Standard Operating Procedures; manuals; maintenance)

#### **Organisational Development ABC**

Align Human Resources to HRP

Be sure to do Strategic Planning and
Professionalism coaching

Change Management Intervention

#### **Business Case**

Appropriate people involved in development
Appropriate authorisation, management authorisation
Appropriate updates to NDOH
Appropriate risk management included in brief



# THE END

• Questions?

