



ASSESSING CORE COMPETENCIES OF SENIOR NURSING STUDENTS AND FACULTY AS INPUT TO COMPETENCY-BASED EDUCATION

Josefina A. Tuazon, RN, MN, DrPH
Mary Joan Therese C. Valera, RN, MPH
UNIVERSITY OF THE PHILIPPINES MANILA

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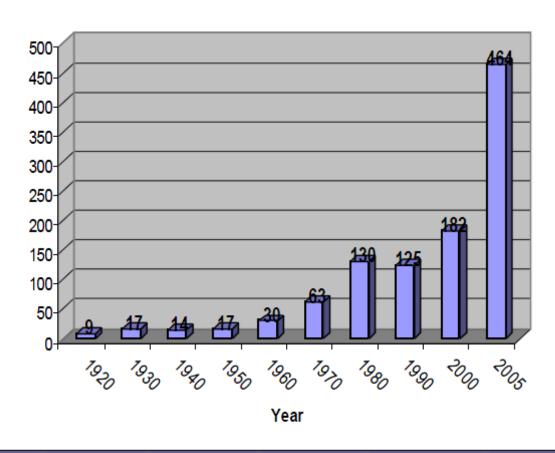
In partnership with GLOBAL NURSING NETWORK Developer of Nurse MetriX

Through a grant from the PHILIPPINE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

OLLEGE

Increase in Phil Nursing Programs

Higher Education Institutions in the Philippines offering B.S. Nursing Programs, 1920-2005



- Greatest growth experienced after 2000
- Corresponds to opening of U.S. market for nurses
- "Devolution": CHE regional offices independently issulted local permits

Source: Lorenzo et al. 2000; CHEd 2007

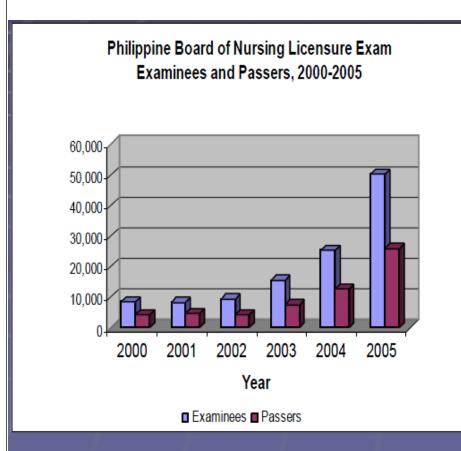
Surge in No. of Nursing Students

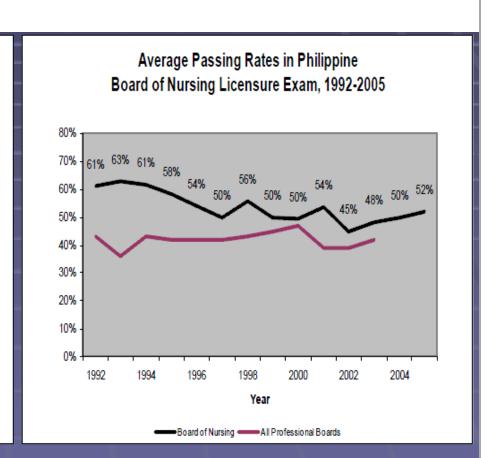
B.S. Nursing Program Enrollment and Graduate Data by Academic Year (Raw Counts)

AY	Graduates	Enrollment
1998-99	8,822	27,463
1999-00	5,672	25,951
2000-01	4,409	27,833
2001-02	5,425	49,995
2002-03	8,596	92,106
2003-04	14,383	178,626
2004-05	34,589	295,742
2005-06		397,195

Source: CHEd 2007

Decline in Nurse Licensure Pass Rates





Source: Manila Times 2006 Source: PRC 2007

Source: Acacio, K. (2007). Producing the World Class Nurse: The Philippine System of Nursing Education and Supply

AIM OF THE STUDY

Assess core knowledge and skill competencies of senior nursing students using a Filipino-adapted NurseMetriX competency assessment test as input to the BSN curriculum

OBJECTIVES

- 1. Assess and correlate core skills and knowledge of senior students and faculty, and identify gaps in competencies, if any
- 2. Analyze results in relation to current BSN curriculum and recommend policy directions

NurseMetriX Competency Assessment Test

- Developed by a panel of expert nurses from Global Nursing Network (GNN), mostly used in US
- Provides appraisal and insight to nurses regarding their clinical competency, core nursing values and professional progression
- Toolkit is entirely web-based
- Pre-tested and adapted for Filipino Nurses

NurseMetriX Tool PRETEST



answering NurseMetrix





Competencies Assessed in NMX

CORE NURSING

- SKILLS
- 1. Clinical assessment
- 2. Technical skills

- KNOWLEDGE
- 1. Care management
- 2. Clinical reasoning

MEDICATION ADMIN

- SKILLS
- 1. Metric conversion
- 2. Fluid dosage
- 3. IV Flow Rate
- 4. Tablet calculation
- KNOWLEDGE
- 1. Basic Pharmacology
- Medication administration
- 3. Medication interaction

METHODOLOGY

- Descriptive correlational study
- Randomly selected Metro Manila schools stratified by average Nurse Licensure pass rate (outstanding, high, averageperforming), senior students and faculty
- Clinical faculty who were regular employees of the school, fulltime and parttime
- Consent obtained

STUDY SAMPLE

SCHOOL CATEGORY	STUDENTS (No.)	FACULTY (No.)	TOTAL (No.)
High-			
performing $(n = 5)$	253	35	288
Outstanding			
(n=2)	123	24	147
Average-			
Performing	373	107	480
(n=5)			
TOTAL	749	166	915
TOTAL	(81.86%)	(18.14%)	713

RESULTS:

STUDENT and FACULTY COMPETENCIES

NMX Scores of Students and Faculty - 1

CORE NURSING	STUDENTS	FACULTY
Overall Core Nursing	55%	66%
1. Skill	59%	72%
Clinical Assessment	59%	70%
Technical Skill	61%	76%
2. Knowledge	51%	61%
Care Management	50%	65%
Clinical Reasoning	52%	58%

NMX Scores of Students and Faculty - 2

MED ADMIN	STUDENT	FACULTY
Overall	57%	64%
1. Skill	60%	67%
Fluid Dosage	62%	72%
IV Flow Rate	44%	47%
Metric Conversions	67%	74%
Tablet Calculations	66%	71%
2. Knowledge	53%	61%
Basic Pharmacology	43%	53%
Medication Administration	69%	75%
Medication Interaction	50%	56%

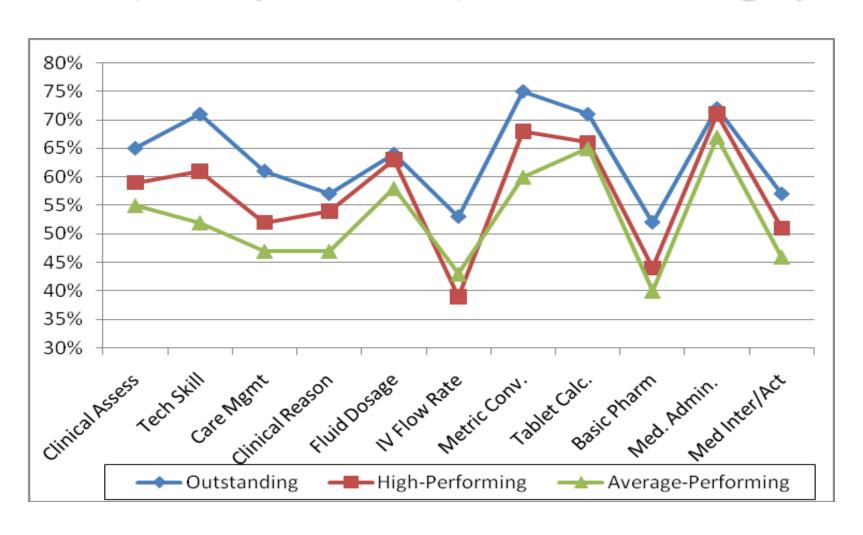
Correlation of Skills and Knowledge

	Student	Faculty
Core Nursing Knowledge Vs Core Nursing Skills	r= 0.8415 (p=0.0006)	r= 0.2816 (p=0.3752)
Med Admin Knowledge Vs Med Admin Skill	r= 0.7620 (p=0.0040)	r=-0.1110 (p=0.7313)

RESULTS

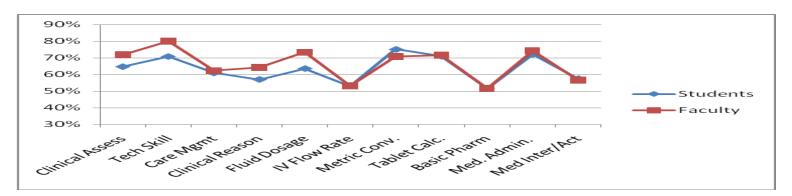
STUDENT and FACULTY PERFORMANCE based on SCHOOL CATEGORY (ave NLE Pass Rate)

Students – Mean NMX Scores in Various Competency Domains per School Category

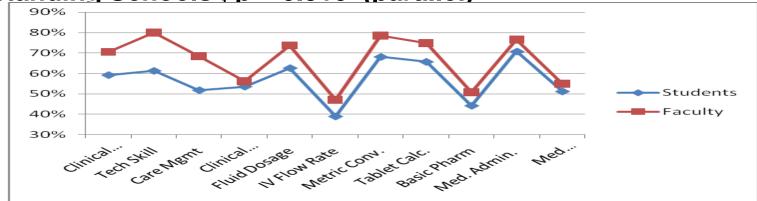


Faculty - Mean NMX Scores in Various Competency Domains per School Category

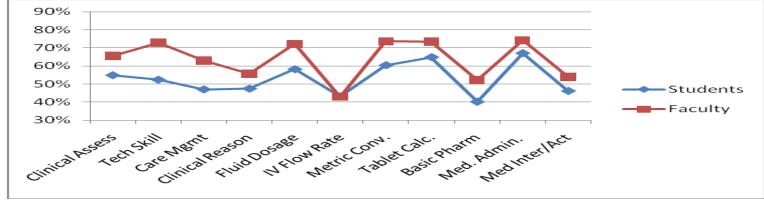




Outstanding Schools, p = 0.310 (parallel)



High-performing Schools, p = 0.057 (parallel)



Average-performing Schools, p < 0.001 (not parallel)

IMPLICATIONS

- 1. Curricular implications
- Faculty recruitment, trainining & development, monitoring and performance evaluation
- 3. Student admission policies and regulation of enrollment size
- 4. Potential negative impact of global demand on quality of nursing education

IMPLICATIONS: Admission Policies, Enrollment Size

- Although findings not conclusive because of limited no. of schools in study, there is a trend that shows lower performance as enrollment size increases
- 2. With larger student enrollment, there is more need for faculty, school facilities and clinical areas for RLE for adequate achievement of competencies



THANKYOU